

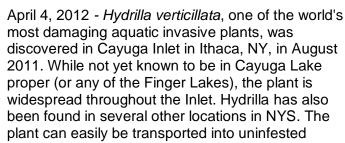
NY Invasive Species Information

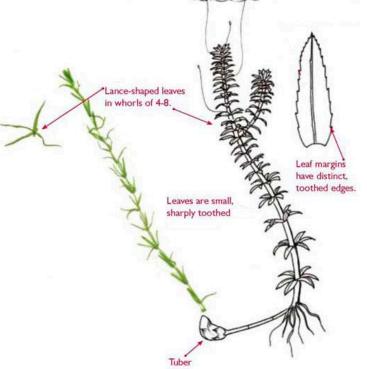




Hydrilla verticillata: What Marinas Need to Know







waterbodies as plant fragments on boats from infested waters. **Marinas can help prevent the spread of** *Hydrilla* into uninfested lakes in NY when boats are being launched in the spring and hauled for winter storage. While it is unlikely, some fragments of *Hydrilla* in protected areas on a shrink-wrapped boat may be able to survive over-wintering. Turions (small, white to yellowish, potato- or bulb-like tubers attached to the roots) are less susceptible to drying and may remain viable for longer periods.

Steps to be Observed When Launching Your Customers' Watercraft in the Spring

- 1. To prevent any viable fragments or turions from getting into surface waters, before pre-launch cleaning:
 - a. Place a screen or filter fabric over any storm drains that might receive runoff during boat cleaning operations to collect plant fragments.
 - b. Install earthen or straw bale berms around areas where watercraft will be pressure washed to contain wash water and remove plant fragments.
 - c. Ensure that wash water not flow into any surface waters.
- 2. Inspect the watercraft for any plant material; remove any plant material and dispose of properly (in a trash can, bin, or dumpster, or on dry land above the waterline in a bermed area where it won't get washed back into the lake, a stream, or a storm drain leading to surface waters.

- 3. When cleaning or pressure washing watercraft prior to launching:
 - a. Clean the hull thoroughly, particularly around engines, outdrives, propellers, prop guards, trim tabs, anchors and anchor chains or ropes, boat bumpers, all compartments that held water, and any places in which plant fragments may have become trapped and overlooked when the boat was winterized. On sailboats, pay particular attention to movable keels. On jet boats and personal watercraft, pay special attention to drive water pumping systems and jet steering systems.
 - b. Inspect and flush engine cooling systems, freshwater systems, live well pumping systems and any other areas on the vessel where plants or plant fragments may have been trapped, removing and properly disposing of any plant material discovered.
 - c. Ideally, let the boat sit in a sunny area for several days until thoroughly dry before launching.

For Hydrilla clean boating measures that your boating customers should be following during the boating season, see the Cornell Cooperative Extension Invasive Species Program / New York Sea Grant Extension brochure: NOT WANTED! Hydrilla (Hydrilla verticillata), available for download from the NY Invasive Species Clearinghouse at http://nyis.info.

Steps to be Observed When Winterizing Your Customers' Watercraft

- 1. Before removing watercraft from the water to be winterized: Review and follow step 1 (above) to prevent any plant material from being washed back into any surface waters.
- 2. When hauling watercraft from the water, inspect the watercraft and your lift equipment (fork lift, slings, hoists, trailers) after each use for any plant material. Remove plant material and dispose of properly (see #2, above).
- 3. When cleaning or pressure washing watercraft:
 - a. Follow the guidelines presented in #2 and #3 (above).
 - d. Ensure that wash water not be allowed to flow into any surface waterbodies, including the lake from which the watercraft was just hauled or into storm drains leading to the lake or a stream.
 - e. Allow the vessel to dry thoroughly before shrink wrapping and placing in its final storage location.

Please take note of potential over-winter survival of *Hydrilla* stems, leaves and turions (above). It is critical that all *Hydrilla* fragments and turions either be removed and disposed of or allowed to dry and freeze for the entire winter season.

- 4. When finished hauling and winterizing watercraft:
 - a. Inspect and clean all lift equipment (fork lift, slings, hoists, trailers); remove and dispose of plant material properly.
 - b. Around docks, launch sites, and other areas within your marina, rake, remove, and dispose properly any aquatic plants or plant fragments that may have accumulated.

<u>Credits:</u> Hydrilla photograph - David J. Moorhead, University of Georgia, Bugwood.org

Hydrilla identification line art courtesy of Cayuga Lake Watershed Network (revised March 2012, CCE ISP)







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